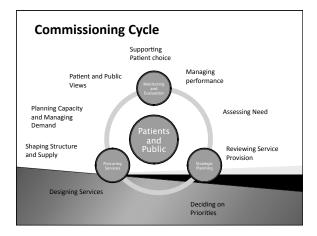
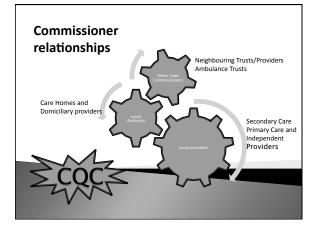


#### **Aims & Objectives**

- To provide update on the new NHS architecture
- To outline commissioning responsibilities in the new NHS
- To provide an overview of commissioning in respect of IPC
- To provide a insight into how commissioning for IPC needs to look in the future
- Foster understanding of the relationships between commissioner and provider

## What is Commissioning? • Secure services to meet health needs of local populations • Balance best quality and value for public money • Improve quality services for patients • Clearly defined outcomes • Improve efficiencies • Reduce variation





#### So how does it work?

- ▶ Primary Care Trusts "commission" services
- Set priorities
- Develop services specifications
- Draw up contracts
  - National standard contracts for acute, mental health, community & ambulance services
- Monitor Performance
  - Financial
- $\circ$  Quality

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#### But...

- · Despite world class commissioning programme
  - Decisions too removed from patients
  - Divorced from clinical influence

So....

#### Equity & Excellence: Liberating the NHS

- · Putting patients first
- Improving healthcare outcomes
   Focus on safety & quality
- Autonomy, accountability & democratic legitimacy
- Cutting bureaucracy & improving efficiencies

epartment of Health July 2010



#### Cutting bureaucracy & improving efficiencies

- £20 billion efficiency savings by 2014
  - Reinvested to support quality & outcomes improvements
- Reduce NHS management costs by 45%
  - Free up finances for front line care
- · Simplify NHS bodies
  - Reduce DH functions
  - Abolish quangos



#### Autonomy, accountability & democratic legitimacy

- Greater freedom from political micromanagement
- Devolve commissioning power closer to patients
   GPs1
- LA join up to NHS, social care & health improvement
- · Establish NHS Commissioning Board
- · Social enterprises & FTs
- · Economic regulator
- CQC health & social care quality inspectorate

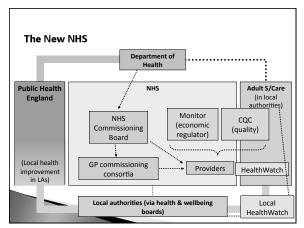
#### Improving healthcare outcomes

- Reduce mortality & morbidity
- Increase safety
  - Culture of open information, active responsibility & challenge
- Improve experiences & outcomes
  - Paid according to performance not activity
  - Reflect outcomes
  - Better incentive for quality

#### **Putting patients first**

- No decision about me without me
- Access to information they want to make choices
- · Choice of provider
- · Patients to rate hospitals/ care according to quality

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## Role of CCGs Statutory duties Complaints Quality Assurance Commissioned providers Quality Improvement Commissioned providers Member practices (primary medical care - GPs)

#### **National Outcomes Framework** Domain 1 Enhancing quality of life for people with Domain 2 long-term conditions Domain 3 Helping people to recover from episodes of ill health or following injury Domain 4 Ensuring that people have a positive experience of care Domain 5 Treating and caring for people in a safe environment; and protecting them from Derived from the three part definition of quality first set out by Lord Darzi as part of the NHS Next Stage Review.



#### What does it all mean?

- Population approach across all commissioned services
- ► Health economy perspective, working with social care commissioners
- Diversity of providers across acute and community settings
- Possibility of a plurality of providers in future health provision

#### What does it all mean? (2)

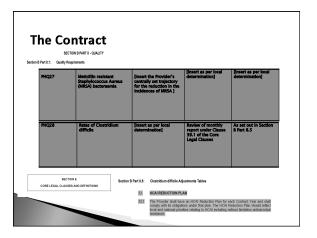
- Procurement of new services/ service redesign
- Setting quality indicators and performance measures for current services
- Influence the commissioning of services advantageous to reducing infections
- · Decommissioning of services
- · Working independent practitioners; GPs, dentists
- · NHS Commissioning Board

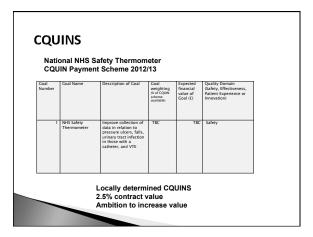
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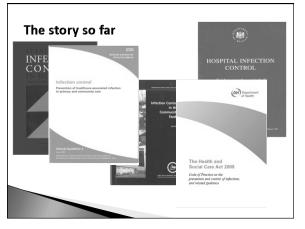
## What does it all mean? (3) • Quality assurance of services • Preventing future Mid Staffs • Influencing systems for future assurance • Engaging CCGs • Local structures; Commissioning support units, NCB, public health



# So how do we do this? • Quality Assurance • The Contract • Quality Improvement • CQUINS • Primary Care Quality Improvement • NOT assurance • Primary Care QA = NHSCB





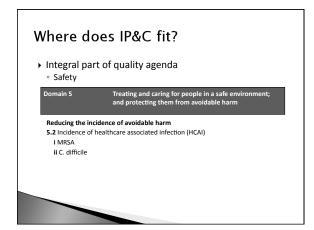


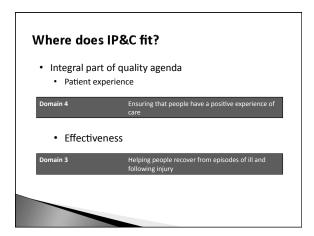
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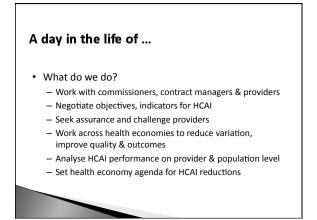
# The story so far (2) • Profile HCAI soars — Rising infections rates — Nationally reported incidents • Stoke Mandeville • Mid Staffs enquiry (asked what the commissioners were doing)

#### The story so far (3)

- · Recent growing emphasis on commissioning
  - World Class Commissioning programme
- ICNs in PCTs
  - Community services
  - Primary Care Providers
- Transforming Community Services
  - Some staff TUPE'd
  - PCT retained staff
  - Commissioning role develops





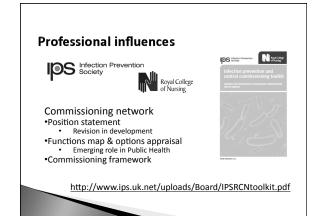




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#### Coordinating a health economy approach

- · Health Economy Group
  - All provider reps
  - CCG leads/ quality leads
- · Health Economy Strategy
  - Development and Leadership of the health and social care economy
  - Contracting (including setting clear expectations of achievement e.g. compliance with the code of practice for infection prevention and control)
  - Performance Monitoring against the contract (gaining assurance)
  - Organisational Accountability



#### So what of the future ....

- ▶ HCAI policy
- ▶ HCAIs and the New Health System
- ▶ Future HCAI Policy Development

#### **HCAI** policy

- Reducing HCAIs and addressing issues relating to antimicrobial resistance remain Government priorities
  - All NHS organisations adopt a zero tolerance approach to all avoidable healthcare associated infections
  - Reduce/eliminate variation in HCAI levels between the very best and worst healthcare providers
  - Recognises the progress the NHS has made to reduce level of MRSA bloodstream infections and CDIs
  - Potential to drive these and other infections down further and achieve greater consistency

#### HCAIs and the New Health System

- HCAI to feature in future NHSCB contract with Clinical Commissioning Groups and all relevant high level healthcare outcome frameworks:
  - NHS Outcomes Framework
  - Commissioning Outcomes Framework
  - Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework
  - Public Health Outcomes FrameworkNHS and GP contracts

#### Future HCAI Policy Development

- Influencing indicators included in future Outcomes Frameworks
   Maying to performance management of MASA BSI based on
  - Moving to performance management of MRSA BSI based on avoidability
  - Exploring a collective indicator to deliver zero tolerance to all avoidable HCAI infections -from 2013-14
- Improving Intelligence and management of non-trust apportioned infections
  - Learning from local experience
- Reviewing accountability mechanisms for HCAIs in 2013-14 to reflect changes in healthcare architecture

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