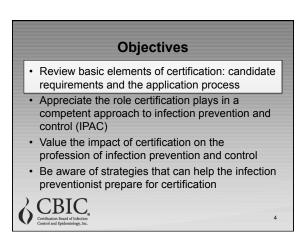




## Review basic elements of certification: candidate requirements and the application process Appreciate the role certification plays in a competent approach to infection prevention and control (IPAC) Value the impact of certification on the profession of infection prevention and control Be aware of strategies that can help the infection preventionist prepare for certification

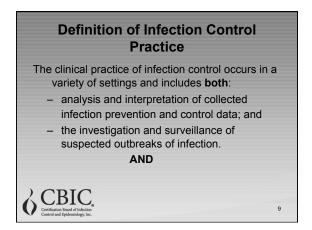


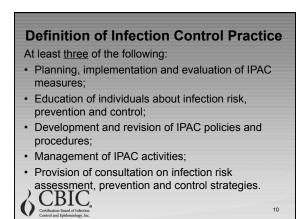
An IP has been working in a healthcare facility for just over one year and is thinking about certification. Where to go for information regarding certification and the process? How to get started on the journey?



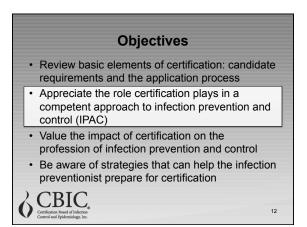












A respiratory therapist has been working in healthcare for a number of years and has recently accepted a position as a facility IP. He feels that he is an excellent healthcare worker and is comfortable with the basics of patient care. Recently, a discussion regarding competency has arisen in the workplace. How can this person approach the need to demonstrate competency in this new role?



13

#### Competency

- · More than knowledge
- · The ability to put knowledge into action
- · Recall, Application, Analysis
- Using content knowledge to make decisions and determine approaches, interventions, alternatives
- Demonstrates ability to apply knowledge across healthcare settings



http://www.apic.org/Resource\_/TinyMceFileManager/epublications/

# APIC Competency Model for the IP Identifies domains of the role Helps provide a roadmap for movement from novice to expert APIC Competency Model for the Infection Preventionist APIC Competency Model for the Infection Preventioni



# How Is Certification Different from Licensure? • Licensure reflects the minimum level required for practice • Certification implies competence: - "essential knowledge, behaviors, skills that in individual should possess and demonstrate to practice in a specific discipline" - Indicates expert knowledge, expertise - Protects the public



#### **Objectives**

- Review basic elements of certification: candidate requirements and the application process
- Appreciate the role certification plays in a competent approach to infection prevention and control (IPAC)
- Value the impact of certification on the profession of infection prevention and control
- Be aware of strategies that can help the infection preventionist prepare for certification



19

#### **Does Certification Really Matter?**

- ICU: Kendall-Gallagher D et al. Competence and certification of RNs and safety of patients in ICUs. Am J Crit Care 2009;18:106-16.
- Surgery: Kendall-Gallagher D et al. Nurse specialty certification, inpatient mortality, and failure to rescue. J Nurs Scholarsh 2011;43:188-194
- Oncology: Coleman EA et al. Effect of certification in oncology nursing on nursing sensitive outcomes. Clin J Oncol Nurs 2009;13:165-72.
- Med-Surg units: Boltz M et al. Patient safety in medicalsurgical units: can nurse certification make a difference? Medsurg Nurs 2013;22:26-32,37.



20

An IP has been talking with her immediate supervisor regarding the value of certification.

Certification is included as a job requirement and the IP wants to be able to discuss the value of certification to the organization in an effort to give depth to the discussion regarding reimbursement, career ladders, and position within the organization. What evidence can this IP cite?



21

#### Impact of Certification in Infection Control

- Pogorzelska M et al. Certification in infection control matters: Impact of infection control department characteristics and policies on rates of multidrug-resistant infections. AJIC 2013; 40:96-101.
- Saint S et al. Perceived strength of evidence supporting practices to prevent health care-associated infection: results from a national survey of infection prevention personnel. AJIC 2013: 41:100-106.
- Carrico RM et al. Health care personnel immunization programs: An assessment of knowledge and practice among infection preventionists in US health care facilities. AJIC 2013; 41:581-584.



22

#### **Objectives**

- Review basic elements of certification: candidate requirements and the application process
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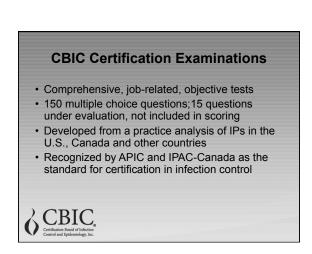
rtification Board of Infection 23

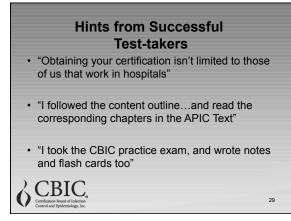
The IP is ready to take the plunge and has committed to the certification process. What steps should she take to begin the studying process?

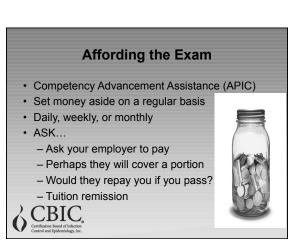
#### **Preparing for Certification** · Review the Candidate Handbook and the Content Outline Table 3. Overview of examination specifications Content domain RE-AP-AN® Identification of infectious disease processes 5-10-3 Surveillance and epidemiologic investigation Preventing/controlling the transmission of infectious agents 9-23-6 9-24-6 Employee/occupational health Management and communication (leadership) Education and research 2-6-2 4-9-3 4-9-1 33-81-21 135 \*The number of items requiring recall, application, and analysis, respectively Feltovich F et al, AJIC 2010 http://www.cbic.org/UserFiles/file/ 2013CandidateHandbook.pdf

## Preparing for Certification Review the Candidate Handbook Identify the resources suggested in the Handbook Perform a personal assessment Identify strengths and weaknesses Identify a mentor(s) or study partner(s) Develop a study plan and timeline Explore test taking skills and how to improve

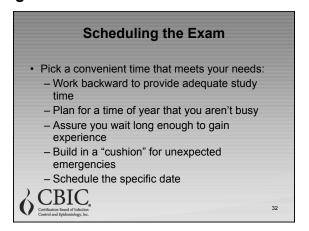
## How to Study • Find a quiet place for studying • Schedule regular study sessions and get support from those key for your success • Test yourself periodically • Remember recall, application, analysis

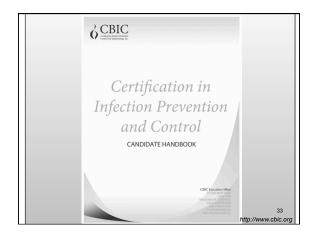


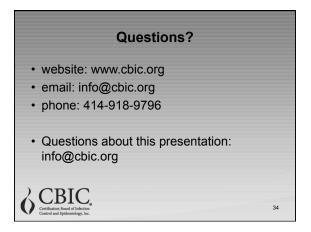


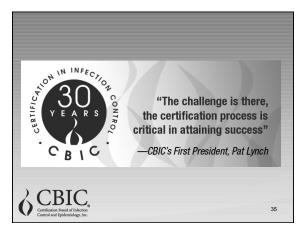














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