How to Become Certified Without Becoming Certifiable

Susan Cooper MLT CIC
Team Lead- IPAC Regional Support
Public Health Ontario

Hosted by Paul Webber
paul@webbertraining.com

Objectives

• Discuss why certification is important
• Review the practice analysis
• Review eligibility requirements for certification
• Discuss how to certify & when to re-certify
• Review the resources recommended to help prepare for certification
• Introduce you to the certification process
• Describe recent changes in the exam process
Why Certify?

- Recognized internationally, Certification valid for five years
- Allows successful candidate to use “CIC” designation
- The only standardized measurement of essential knowledge, skills, and abilities expected of infection prevention and control professionals
- Provides an objective measure of competence
- Recognized by APIC and IPAC-Canada as the standard for certification in infection control

Note: CBIC exam is only way to get CIC. **No other course or program qualifies you to use the designation CIC**
How to Become Certified Without Becoming Certifiable
Susan Cooper, Public Health Ontario, Canada
A Webber Training Teleclass

www.cbic.org

2014 Practise Analysis

- Required every 4-5 yrs. by National Commission for Certifying Agencies
- Identifies tasks and knowledge important to the current work performed by ICPs
- Data collected guides development of test specifications and future exams
- Survey distributed to membership and organizations

Hosted by Paul Webber  paul@webbertraining.com
www.webbertraining.com
Practice Analysis

• Most recent survey completed in June 2014
• Task force reviewed current domains, tasks, knowledge and developed survey
• Survey distributed to members and organizations
• 2819 responses used to develop new content outline and test content

Certification

Initial certification:
• Must complete the proctored computer based examination (CBT)
• Administered via computer in Prometric test centers throughout the United States, Canada and other international sites
• Certification remains valid for 5 years

• French version of exam now available (2016)
How to Become Certified Without Becoming Certifiable
Susan Cooper, Public Health Ontario, Canada
A Webber Training Teleclass

Re-Certification

- Required every 5 years
- Computer based exam not available for recertification (2016)
- SARE not available in French until 2021
- Recertification Exam (formerly called SARE)
  - similar in content to the Computer-Based Test - 150 multiple choice items; 15 questions under evaluation, not included in scoring
  - practice oriented and challenging questions geared to ICP with at minimum, five (5) to seven (7) years experience in infection prevention and control

*Individuals who are currently certified are automatically eligible for re-certification every 5 years*

Are You Eligible for CIC?

Eligibility Requirements

- You are accountable for the infection prevention and control activities/program in your setting and this is reflected in your current job description.

  AND

You have a post-secondary degree (e.g. associates’ (diploma in Canada) or baccalaureate degree).

  AND

You have had sufficient experience (recommended: two years) in infection prevention and control which includes all three (3) of the following:

1. Identification of infectious disease processes
2. Surveillance and epidemiologic investigation
3. Preventing & controlling the transmission of infectious agents

Hosted by Paul Webber  paul@webbertraining.com
www.webbertraining.com
How to Become Certified Without Becoming Certifiable
Susan Cooper, Public Health Ontario, Canada
A Webber Training Teleclass

Are You Eligible for CIC?

And

• at least two (2) of the remaining five (5) components:
  1. Employee/occupational health
  2. Management and communication
  3. Education and research
  4. Environment of care
  5. Cleaning, sterilization, disinfection, and asepsis

Hosted by Paul Webber  paul@webbertraining.com
www.webbertraining.com
Exam Registration

- Application process on-line or on paper application
- Cost $350 US ( SARE $325 US)
- Supporting documentation required
  - Proof of diploma/degree or transcripts
  - Supervisor signed attestation
  - Current job description
  - CV/resume, , if self employed 3 references
- After your application has been approved, you have 90 days to schedule and take the exam
- Complete instructions in candidate handbook

Testing is available in many countries
Taking the test

Computerized exam
- 3 hours to write-receive a “pass” or “fail” notice as soon as exam is finished
- “pass” may use CIC designation- valid for 5 yrs.
- “fail” – can re-write up to 4 times per year (every 90 days)

Recertification Exam
- can be ordered as early as January, deadline to order Dec 1st
- Can access as often as desired until submitted
- Must be submitted by 11:59pm on Dec 30 of recertifying year.
- Immediate “pass or fail”- detailed results sent via mail in 2-3 weeks

Taking the Exam

- You will be given the opportunity to practice taking an examination on the computer to familiarize yourself with the testing software. The time used is not counted as part of the examination time.

- You will have 3 hours to complete the exam.
Questions

- Bank of approx. 1300 questions
- 150 multiple choice questions, 135 scored + 15 questions being evaluated
- All questions fit into a category on the Content Outline
- All questions have answers reference in CBIC approved references
- No negative wording, exclusionary words (all, never...) or multiple answers (A+B, A+C, A+B+C, B+D)
- All nation-specific references had been removed

Passing Score

- Individual responses for each question analyzed and adjusted
- Cut scores are adjusted taking into account levels of difficulty
- Cut score is slightly different for each version of the test
- Pass rate varies by degree of difficulty of exam
- Percentage of correct answers to pass ~ 75%
Types of Exam Questions

- Recall (20%)
  - Recognize or recall a fact, memorization

- Analysis (20%)
  - Minimal interpretation: explain or differentiate, understand

- Application (60%)
  - Judgement or decision making, transfer of learning

Example: Recall

Serum that is positive for HBeAg indicates

a) An increased likelihood of infectivity
b) The presence of the delta agent
c) Immunity to Hepatitis B
d) Prior receipt of the hepatitis B vaccine
Example: Recall

Serum that is positive for HBeAg indicates

✓ a) An increased likelihood of infectivity  
b) The presence of the delta agent  
c) Immunity to Hepatitis B  
d) Prior receipt of the hepatitis B vaccine

Example: Application

A 65 year old patient presents with jaundice and elevated liver enzymes. Blood for viral hepatitis screen with the following results:

- **Hepatitis A**: Anti-HAV, IgG negative; IgM positive  
- **Hepatitis B**: HBsAG negative, anti HBe negative, antiHBs positive  
- **Hepatitis C**: Anti HCV negative

Which of the following is the **most likely** cause of the symptoms?

a) Hepatitis A  
b) Hepatitis B  
c) Hepatitis C  
d) Delta hepatitis
Example: Application

A 65 year old patient presents with jaundice and elevated liver enzymes. Blood for viral hepatitis screen with the following results:

- **Hepatitis A**: Anti-HAV, IgG negative; IgM positive
- **Hepatitis B**: HBsAG negative, anti HBc negative, antiHBs positive
- **Hepatitis C**: Anti HCV negative

Which of the following is the **most likely** cause of the symptoms?

- a) Hepatitis A
- b) Hepatitis B
- c) Hepatitis C
- d) Delta hepatitis

Example: Analysis

A previously healthy 70 year old presents with dyspnea and a productive cough. Which of the following diagnostic test results would be consistent with a diagnosis of community-acquired pneumonia?

- a) Sputum gram stain: moderate white blood cells seen; moderate growth of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*
- b) Sputum gram stain: few white blood cells seen; light growth of *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Acinetobacter baumannii*
- c) Total white blood cell count =12,000; *Streptococcus pneumoniae* isolated from 2 sets of blood cultures
- d) Chest radiograph: diffuse infiltrate in the upper left lobe; sputum gram stain; no white blood cells seen; moderate growth of *Klebsiella pneumoniae*
Example: Analysis

A previously healthy 70 year old presents with dyspnea and a productive cough. Which of the following diagnostic test results would be consistent with a diagnosis of community-acquired pneumonia?

a) Sputum gram stain: moderate white blood cells seen; moderate growth of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

b) Sputum gram stain: few white blood cells seen; light growth of *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Acinetobacter baumannii*

c) Total white blood cell count =12,000; *Streptococcus pneumoniae* isolated from 2 sets of blood cultures

d) Chest radiograph: diffuse infiltrate in the upper left lobe; sputum gram stain; no white blood cells seen; moderate growth of *Klebsiella pneumoniae*

What’s on the Exam?

1) Identification of Infectious Disease Processes (22)
2) Surveillance and Epidemiologic Investigation (24)
3) Preventing/Controlling the Transmission of Infectious Agents (25)
4) Employee/Occupational Health (11)
5) Management and Communication (13)
6) Education and Research (11)
7) Environment of Care (14)
8) Cleaning, Sterilization, Disinfection, Asepsis (15)
How to Become Certified Without Becoming Certifiable
Susan Cooper, Public Health Ontario, Canada
A Webber Training Teleclass

Resources

The CBIC Handbook

- A great source of information
- Outlines required knowledge
- Download it from website www.cbic.org
- Read it carefully

Hosted by Paul Webber  paul@webbertraining.com
www.webbertraining.com
Primary References


- (available as digital download)
Primary References


Secondary References

- Current Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).
- Current guidelines, standards, and recommendations from CDC, APIC, SHEA, and Public Health Agency of Canada.
How to Become Certified Without Becoming Certifiable
Susan Cooper, Public Health Ontario, Canada
A Webber Training Teleclass

Certification Exam Prep Webinars

- Examination Content Outline
- About the Exam
- Candidate Handbook
- International Testing
- Online Examination Application
- Application Statement
- French Canadian Exam Application
- How to Prepare for the Initial Certification Examination
- Marketing Toolkit

To purchase one or more of the above webinars, please click here.

Please note CBIC neither recommends nor endorses any educational materials around the CBIC examination. There are other options for education through third-party vendors and the webinars provided here will not guarantee any success on the exam than other educational options or studying on your own. All of the content used to develop the webinars was provided by Subject Matter Experts who are not affiliated with CBIC or the development of the CBIC examination.

Practice Exam

- Purchase the 70 - question online practice examination available through CBIC at www.cbic.org and complete
- Will give you a feel for the questions and using the computer prior to your exam
- Unlimited access for defined period of time until submitted and scored
- Cost $50 USD

Hosted by Paul Webber  paul@webbertraining.com
www.webbertraining.com
APIC Certification Study Guide

- Developed by APIC as a study tool
- Not a CBIC product
- Will help identify gaps in knowledge
- Questions not necessarily representative of exam questions
- 6th edition now available

Infection Prevention Certification Review Course - APIC

- The course includes nine modules corresponding to the content areas of the certification exam, one general chapter about taking the exam, and a practice test module.
- On-line course - 18hrs in length
- Cost: Members: $350 / Non-members: $425
- Recently audited and enhanced to reflect current standards and regulations
Study Group

- Set up a study group
- Helps improve grasp of the material by hearing the answers to questions from fellow students
- Interacting with the other group members can make studying enjoyable and be source of encouragement
Helpful Hints

• Don’t write before you are ready
• Exam STILL based on knowledge gained with 2 yrs experience
• If possible, spend some time with an ICP in a different practice setting
• Employer support vital

Exam tips

• Book your exam, set out your study schedule and prepare.
• Combination of group and independent review works best for many.
• Don’t tell anyone when you have booked your exam…just let them know when you have been successful

Exam Day

• Arrive early- don’t be in a rush
• Be comfortable with the computer prior to start of 3hr timed period
• Re-read the questions to ensure you understand
• Try to relate the question to your work situation
• Don’t change answers! First instinct is usually correct
How to Become Certified Without Becoming Certifiable
Susan Cooper, Public Health Ontario, Canada
A Webber Training Teleclass

www.webbertraining.com/schedulept.php

Hosted by Paul Webber  paul@webbertraining.com
www.webbertraining.com